

PP SAVANI UNIVERSITY
Fifth Semester of B.Sc. Examination
Dec-Jan-2020-21
SSCH3090- Organic Chemistry VII
Time: 10:00 AM -12:30PM

1.01.2021, Friday

Maximum Marks: 60

Section-A (Total Marks - 20)

Q.1 Objectives (20 MCQ Compulsory-20 mark each) (20)

- 1 In photochemical reactions, absorption of ____ radiations takes place?
 - A visible and x-rays
 - B radio
 - C only visible
 - D ultraviolet and visible

- 2 Static Quenching is due to
 - A Hydrogenated
 - B Complex formation
 - C Neutral reaction
 - D All of the above

- 3 Which compound shows fluorescence?
 - A Saturated compound
 - B Unsaturated molecules
 - C A and B
 - D None of this

- 4 Visible light's wavelength range between?
 - A 0.39 - 0.77 nm
 - B 0.39 - 0.77 cm
 - C 0.39 - 0.77 mm
 - D 0.39 - 0.77 μm

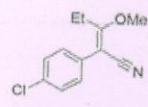
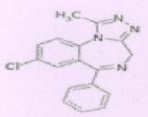
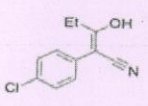
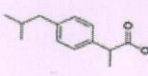
- 5 Which is not the form of light that can initiate a photochemical?
 - A UV light
 - B visible light
 - C IR light
 - D X-ray light

- 6 Which quenching can be used for molecular motors?
 - A Exciplex
 - B Dynamic Quenching
 - C Static Quenching
 - D Fluorescence Quenching

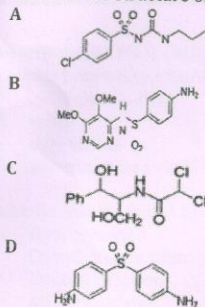
- 7 Number of carbon atom in Sesquiterpenes?
 - A 10
 - B 15
 - C 20
 - D 30

- 8 Which structure is that of isoprene?
 - A $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
 - B $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
 - C $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
 - D $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$

- 9 Number of isoprene units in Carotenoids?
 - A 60
 - B 8
 - C 9
 - D 100

- 10 Which of the following are the principle laws of photochemistry?
 A Raoult's and Dalton's law
 B Raoult's and Henry's law
 C Lambert's and Beer's law
 D Grothus-Draper and Stark-Einstein law
- 11 Which is sometimes used as an antidote for cyanide poisoning?
 A Phenyl Nitrite
 B Aryl Nitrite
 C Amyl Nitrite
 D Methyl Nitrite
- 12 Give the similar name of Nalidixic Acid.
 A Nicotinic Acid
 B CegGram
 C Carboxylic Acid
 D NegGram
- 13 Which is the structure of Pyrimethamine?
 A 
 B 
 C 
 D 
- 14 Which is the sulfa drug example?
 A Sulfadoxine
 B Chloromphenicol
 C Diazepam
 D Lidocane
- 15 "Dermatitis herpetiformis" is the disease regarding _____?
 A Headache
 B Tissues
 C Skin
 D Stomach
- 16 Which is the molecular formula of Vitamin B₂?
 A C₁₇H₂₀N₄O₄
 B C₁₇H₂₀N₄O₅
 C C₁₇H₂₀N₄O₆
 D C₁₇H₂₀N₄O₇

17 Which is the structure of Dapsone?



18 UV absorption spectrum of Pyridoxine is similar to _____.

- A 2-hydroxypyridine
- B 3-hydroxypyridine
- C 4-hydroxypyridine
- D 5-hydroxypyridine

19 Hormones secreted by the thyroid gland?

- A Insulin
- B Thyroxine
- C Pyridoxine
- D Riboflavin

20 Which drug used for the treatment of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM)

- A Chlorpropamide
- B Dapsone
- C Lidocane
- D Pyrimethamine

Section-B (Total Marks - 40)

Q.1 Short Notes (attempt all four compulsory- 3 marks each)

- A Laws of photochemistry
- B Phosphorescence with Jablonski diagram
- C Drug: Pyrimethamine
- D Vitamin B Complex

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Q.2 Explain in detail (attempt any four -7 marks each)

- A Explain briefly Fluorescence Quenching.
- B Describe Terpenoid, Classification of Terpenoids and Give the full explanation of analytical and Synthetic evidence of Camphor.
- C Give the Synthesis route and uses of a) Ibuprofen b) Chloromphenicol
- D Give the Structural determination and Synthesis of Riboflavin.
- E Describe Terpenoid, Classification of Terpenoids and Give the full explanation of analytical and Synthetic evidence of Camphor.

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